

Stipulated Exhibit 35

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF COLE COUNTY, MISSOURI

RICHARD VON GLAHN,

Plaintiff,

v.

DENNY HOSKINS, in his official
capacity,

Defendant.

Case No. 26AC-CC00440

AFFIDAVIT OF [TITLE] OF REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE

STATE OF Washington DC
) ss.

COUNTY OF _____)

I, Michael Ambrosini, of lawful age, being first duly sworn on my oath,
state as follows:

1. I am the Chief of Staff of the Republican National Committee ("RNC")
and I am duly authorized to speak on its behalf.
2. RNC is the duly established national committee for the Republican
Party.
3. RNC is a District of Columbia non-profit corporation.
4. RNC recruits, supports, and coordinates with Republican candidates for
President, Senate, and Congress; conducts voter registration, voter
education, and get-out-the-vote programs; and allocates staff,
volunteers, and funds across the United States, the individual states,
and congressional districts.
5. RNC works with the National Republican Congressional Committee and

- the Missouri Republican State Committee, both of which devote resources to supporting Republican candidates for Congress and to educating and turning out voters, across the nation, including in Missouri.
6. House Bill 1, enacted by the General Assembly in 2025, redrew the boundaries of Missouri's eight congressional districts (the "HB1 map").
7. Candidate filing for Missouri's 2026 congressional primary elections opened on February 24, 2026 and closed on March 31, 2026. Candidates filed for, and campaigned for, office in the districts as drawn by HB1.
8. In reliance on the HB1 map, and beginning immediately after the passage of HB1, RNC organized its 2026 congressional election program around the HB1 districts. That work included the allocation of budget among districts, the construction of voter targeting and voter contact universes keyed to the HB1 boundaries, and allocation of funding towards each district based on RNC's assessment of priorities and needs across the eight districts as drawn by HB1.
9. As of the date of this affidavit, RNC has expended substantial resources in excess of \$10,000 on activities keyed to the HB1 district boundaries.
10. The August 4, 2026 primary election was conducted using the HB1 map. Republican voters in each of the eight districts as drawn by HB1 selected the Republican nominees who will appear on the November 3, 2026 general election ballot.
11. Missouri will have a Republican candidate on the November 3, 2026 general election ballot for each of Missouri's eight congressional seats. RNC intends allocate support to some or all of those candidates.

12. If a congressional map other than the HB1 map were ordered into effect for the November 3, 2026 general election, the Republican nominees for Congress would stand for election before an electorate materially different from the electorate that nominated them on August 4, 2026. In all eight districts, voters who had no part in selecting a nominee would be asked to vote for that nominee, and would be unable to cast a ballot for the nominee they voted for in the August 4 primary.
13. RNC would be required to rebuild its voter targeting, contact, and turnout universes, and to reallocate its budget among districts. The significant resources already expended on district-specific activities under the HB1 map would be lost and could not be recovered.
14. Every dollar and every hour spent redoing that work is a dollar and an hour not spent on voter registration, voter education, and turnout. RNC has no source of replacement funds for those expenditures.
15. A change of maps after the primary election would also cause substantial voter confusion. Voters who cast ballots in one congressional district on August 4, 2026 would be assigned to a different congressional district in November, and RNC would be required to expend additional resources informing those voters of the change. In my experience, voter confusion of this kind depresses both voter confidence and voter turnout.
16. Separately, if the proposed referendum is placed on the ballot, RNC anticipates funding and conducting a statewide campaign in opposition to it, including voter education regarding the referendum, turnout operations directed at defeating it, and public communications regarding its legal and policy defects. RNC estimates that effort would cost in excess of \$5 million, which is not presently budgeted and would be drawn

from funds otherwise committed to other races.

17. The harms described above cannot be undone once the ballot for the November 3, 2026 general election is set.

The foregoing is true and correct according to my best knowledge, information and belief.


[NAME]

Subscribed and sworn to before me, the undersigned, a Notary Public in and for the county and state aforesaid, on this 13 day of August, 2026.


Notary Public

My Commission Expires:

